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FALL 1907

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AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION  
HUNTSVILLE, ALABAMA

# ALABAMA NURSERY COMPANY

INCORPORATED

HUNTSVILLE

ALABAMA

ETHAN A. CHASE, President  
LEWIS CHASE, Vice-President  
HERBERT CHASE, Treasurer

## TO THE TRADE:

The following firms are engaged in the growing of nursery stock in this vicinity:

Huntsville Wholesale Nurseries,  
Fraser Nursery Company,  
Chase Nursery Company,  
Alabama Nursery Company.

Not one is connected with another; all are keen competitors, all reliable; all want your business and will do their utmost to please you. We are grateful for the business you have given us and hope to merit its continuance, but if not fortunate enough to secure your orders we will be glad to see them go to our neighbors.

This book is to help sell our own stock. We're not trying to attend to our neighbors' business, but are glad to say, you can buy good stock from them too.

## ALABAMA NURSERY COMPANY.

Huntsville, Ala.; Aug. 31st, 1907.

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## REFERENCES

For the convenience of those who do not know us, we refer to any bank or business house of Huntsville, the commercial agencies and the leading nursery firms of the United States.

FALL 1907



## Wholesale Price List

OF THE

# Alabama Nursery Company

INCORPORATED

Huntsville, Alabama

OUR BUSINESS is growing nursery stock, handling, grading, packing and shipping it in the best manner. We pay little attention to its sale, except we try to sell firms who pay promptly, we do not want the trade of others. We look to nurserymen for our market and mean to confine our lists to them. If our lists go to others, it is a mistake which we wish to correct, and will thank you to tell us   \*  \*  \*  \*  \*  \*  \*

PLEASE ADDRESS THE COMPANY

## FOR YOUR INFORMATION



**Credits:** We will not accept orders until we think the buyer commercially responsible; we are glad to extend the usual terms.

**Ten, Hundred and Thousand Rates:** Orders for 50 trees and over (up to 300) WHEN NOT LESS THAN TEN TREES OF A VARIETY, the hundred rate will be charged. Orders for 300 trees and over WHEN NOT LESS THAN TEN TREES OF A VARIETY, the thousand rate will be charged. Orders for less than 50 trees, the Ten rate will be charged.

### **Prices are Subject to Market Changes.**

**We do not Substitute**, unless instructed to do so, AND THEN LABEL TRUE TO NAME.

**Each Order is Handled Separately.** After lifting, the trees are sent to our packing house, where they are graded and bunched; no exposure. Customers may depend on fresh, sound, perfect stock.

**Telegraphic Orders** usually filled same day they are received. Use Nurseryman's Telegraphic Code.

**Guarantee of Genuineness.** We exercise the greatest care to keep our varieties PURE and TRUE to name, and hold ourselves in readiness at all times to replace, on proper proof, all stock that may prove otherwise, or refund the amount paid; but it is mutually agreed between the purchaser and ourselves, that we shall not be liable for any amount greater than the original price of the goods.

**St. Louis, Rochester, or Philadelphia;** we will deliver free of freight to either place, orders that are received in season to be forwarded with car lots which we will ship to those cities for distribution.

## Packing

Our packing season begins October 1st, and continues through the Winter until March 1st.

## Shipping

Please state how goods must be sent; whether by freight or express; also route. If no directions are given, we will ship as we think best serves customer's interests without assuming responsibility. THE RISK AND COST OF TRANSPORTATION BELONG TO PURCHASER.

## Grades

We grade carefully; in some cases by caliper, others by height. When by both, the caliper must govern. The lower number is included, and the higher number excluded. For instance, in a grade from four to five feet, four foot trees are included, but five foot go into the next grade. If plump five foot trees are wanted, the order must be for five to six feet. When possible, we prefer to send samples to prospective customers.

## Caution

We accept all orders upon the condition that they shall be void should any injury befall the stock from frost, hail, storm, fire or other causes over which we have no control.

## Claims

Must be made immediately on receipt of goods.

## Mistakes

Yes, we make them, sometimes; when made we wish to correct them. We try to avoid mistakes; rarely make the same one a second time. Thus, mistakes do us good: they improve our service. We are afraid of the man who "never makes mistakes."



PREPARING GROUND FOR PLANTING, SPRING 1907

**TIME**—If possible, give a few days notice before you want stock shipped. We will ship your goods on the day specified if possible.

**CIPHER**—For convenience in Telegraphing, a cipher word in *Italic* type is given for each grade.

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## APPLE

### One Year, Budded

		Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
5 to 7 feet, mostly whip	Key	\$ 0 70	\$ 6 50	\$ 60 00
4 to 5 feet, mostly whip	Kick	60	5 00	45 00
3 to 4 feet, mostly whip	Kid	50	4 50	40 00
2 to 3 feet, mostly whip	Kill	40	3 50	25 00
Ark. Mam. Blk. Twig	Popoff Streak			
Ben Davis	Red Astrachan			
Carolina Red June	Shockley			
Ea. Harvest	Wine Sap			
Golden Sweet	Yates			
Horse	Yellow Transparent			

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Time is precious, ink has riz; write plainly as few words as will express your meaning; both of us will make more money in less time.



OPENING THE TRENCH FOR THE SEEDLINGS

## STANDARD PEAR

### Two Year, From Buds

The best pear trees are grown from buds on seedling stock; such trees have roots. Pear trees grown from grafts are not as well rooted, not as satisfactory.

	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
6 to 8 feet, $\frac{3}{4}$ to 1 inch	<i>King</i>	\$ 1 40	\$ 12 50
5 to 7 feet, $\frac{3}{4}$ to $\frac{5}{8}$ , well branched	<i>Kitten</i>	1 20	10 00
4 to 6 feet, 9-16 to $\frac{5}{8}$ , well branched	<i>Knock</i>	1 00	9 00
3 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 feet, $\frac{1}{2}$ to 9-16, branched	<i>Knave</i>	90	8 00
3 to 4 feet, whip and branched	<i>Knee</i>	70	6 00

Clapp's Favorite

Koonce

Duchess de Angouleme

Lawrence

Early Harvest

LeConte

Flemish Beauty

Lincoln Coreless

Garber

Seckel

Howell

Vermont Beauty

Japan Golden Russett

Wilder

Kieffer

A fine stock of two year Kieffer; write if interested.



FIRMING THE EARTH ABOUT THE SEEDLINGS

## STANDARD PEAR

### One Year

		Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
4 to 5 feet	<i>Label</i>	\$ 1 25	\$ 12 50	\$ 100 00
3 to 4 feet	<i>Lace</i>	1 00	9 00	85 00
2 to 3 feet	<i>Lack</i>	75	6 00	50 00
Clapp's Favorite	Koonce			
Duchess de Angouleme	Lawrence			
Early Harvest	LeConte			
Flemish Beauty	Lincoln Coreless			
Garber	Magnolia			
Howell	Seckel			
Japan Golden Russett	Vermont Beauty			
Kieffer	Wilder			

Kieffer and Garber, one year, up to 6 to 7 feet; write if interested.

## DWARF PEAR

### Two Years

		Per 10	Per 100
3 1/2 to 5 feet, 5/8 to 3/4	<i>Ladle</i>	\$ 0 85	\$ 7 50
3 to 4 feet, 1/2 to 5/8	<i>Lag</i>	60	5 00
Duchess de Angouleme			



"COMIN' TOO"

## APRICOT

### One Year, on Peach

4 to 5 feet, 9-16 to $\frac{5}{8}$ , well branched	Medium
3½ to 5 feet, $\frac{5}{8}$ to 9-16, well branched	Mellow
3 to 4 feet, under $\frac{5}{8}$ , well branched	Melody
2 to 3 feet, whip and branched	Melon

Per 10	Per 100
\$ 1 25	\$ 12 00
1 00	9 00
75	6 00
50	3 50

Alexander	Harris
Alexis	Moorpark
Budd	Peach
Early Golden	Royal
Gibb	Superb

Get the habit of wanting the best that's to be had at the price you pay—it's a part of the policy of every successful man.

## PEACH

## One Year, on Seedlings From Southern Natural Pits

		Per 100	Per 1000
5 to 6 feet, $\frac{3}{4}$ to 1 inch	<i>Locate</i>	\$ 6 00	\$ 50 00
5 to 6 feet, $\frac{3}{4}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ , well branched	<i>Local</i>	6 00	50 00
4 to 5 feet, 9-16 to $\frac{3}{4}$ , well branched	<i>Locust</i>	5 00	45 00
3 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 feet, $\frac{1}{2}$ to 9-16, branched	<i>Lodge</i>	4 50	40 00
3 to 4 feet, 7-16 to $\frac{1}{2}$ , branched	<i>Lofty</i>	4 00	35 00
3 to 4 feet, less 7-16, whip and branched	<i>Log</i>	3 50	30 00
2 to 3 feet, whip and branched	<i>Logic</i>	3 00	20 00
1 to 2 feet, whip and branched	<i>Logical</i>	2 00	15 00

Admiral Dewey	Gov. Hogg
Arp. Beauty	Globe
Amsden	Greensboro
Alexander	Guinn
Belle of Georgia	Heath Cling
Blood Cling	Hiley (Ea. Belle)
Bokara No. 3	Levy's Late
Beers Smock	Lemon Cling
Carman	Matthews Beauty
Chinese Cling	Mountain Rose
Champion	Mamie Ross
Crosby	O. M. Cling
Chairs Choice	O. M. Free
Capt. Ede	Picquets Late
Crawfords Early	Salway
Crawfords Late	Slappey
Ea. Rivers	Sneed
Ea. Tillotson	Stump the World
Emma	Stinsons October
Elberta	Thurber
Everbearing	Triumph
F. St. John	Victor
Family Favorite	Waddell
Foster	Wheatland
Fitzgerald	Wonderful
Gen Lee	

MAYFLOWER PEACH has been tested four years; is the earliest peach known; nearly one week earlier than Sneed; is absolutely red all over, even before ripe enough to ship, while the Sneed, as a rule, has but little color. It is a better shipper than Sneed and sells for more money on the markets. The tree is a strong, thrifty grower, inclined to overbear and should always be thinned. In size, it resembles Alexander, being nearly as large when properly thinned.

Trees \$15.00 per 100.

## JUNE BUDDED PEACH

Belle of Ga.	Elberta
Carman	Hiley
Greensboro	Waddell

We have a limited supply. Write if interested.

## CHERRY

## Two Year, on Mahaleb

		Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
4 to 6 feet, $\frac{5}{8}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ , well branched	<i>Life</i>	\$ 2 00	\$ 20 00	\$ 185 00
3 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 feet, 9-16 to $\frac{5}{8}$ , well branched	<i>Light</i>	1 75	17 00	160 00
3 to 5 feet, $\frac{1}{2}$ to 9-16, well branched	<i>Like</i>	1 50	14 00	125 00
3 to 4 feet, under $\frac{1}{2}$ , well branched	<i>Limb</i>	1 20	10 00	75 00
2 to 3 feet, branched	<i>Lime</i>	70	7 00	50 00

Baldwin	Large Montmorenci
Dyehouse	May Duke
Early Richmond	Ostheime
English Morello	Wragg

## Sweet Sorts, Two Year

		Per 10	Per 100
4 to 5 feet		\$ 1 75	\$ 15 00
3 to 4 feet		1 00	9 00
2 to 3 feet		75	6 00
Black Tartarian	Napoleon Big.		
Centennial	Windsor		
Gov. Wood	Yellow Spanish		

## PLUM

## On Plum

		Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
5 to 6 feet, $\frac{3}{4}$ to 1 inch, well branched	<i>Manto</i>	\$ 1 25	\$ 11 00	\$ 100 00
4 to 5 feet, $\frac{5}{8}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ , well branched	<i>Manuel</i>	1 00	9 00	85 00
4 to 5 feet, 9-16 to $\frac{5}{8}$ , well branched	<i>Many</i>	90	8 00	75 00
3 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 feet, $\frac{1}{2}$ to 9-16, well branched	<i>Map</i>	80	7 00	65 00
3 to 4 feet, few branches	<i>Mar</i>	50	4 50	40 00
Abundance	Red June			
Burbank	Wickson			
Chabot	Wild Goose			
German Prune				

Shropshire Damson, 4 to 5 feet, and less, in assortment, at price of Japanese sorts.

## QUINCE

## One Year

		Per 100
3 to 4 feet, few branches	<i>Lea</i>	\$ 10 00
2 to 3 feet, no branches	<i>Leg</i>	7 50
Meech	Reas	

## FIGS

		Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 feet		\$ 1 00	\$ 10 00
18 to 24 inches		80	7 50
Brown Turkey	Celestial		

## MULBERRY

## One Year Whips

		Per 10	Per 100
6 to 8 feet	<i>Melt</i>	\$ 1 75	\$ 15 00
5 to 6 feet	<i>Member</i>	1 50	12 50
4 to 5 feet	<i>Mend</i>	1 25	10 00
3 to 4 feet	<i>Met</i>	1 00	8 00
Downing	New American		
Hicks			

## NECTARINE

4 to 6 feet, well branched	<i>Mild</i>	\$ 1 25	\$ 10 00
3 to 4 feet, well branched	<i>Mire</i>	1 00	8 00
New White	Red Roman		

## PERSIMMON

## Japanese, One Year

3 to 4 feet	<i>Reject</i>	\$ 1 50	\$ 15 00
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## STRAWBERRIES

Express shipments only. Packed in open baskets.

	Per 1000
Crescent	\$ 2 00
Excelsior	2 00
Gandy	2 00
Hoffman	2 00
Klondyke	2 00
Lady Thompson	2 00
Michel's Early	2 00
Senator Dunlap	2 00
Tennessee Prolific	2 00
Texas	2 00
Warfield	2 00

## CALIFORNIA PRIVET

## One Year

	Per 1000
8 to 18 inches for transplanting	\$ 8 00
Strong whips selected for grafting	8 50
12 to 18 inches, 2 and 3 branches	9 00
18 to 24 inches, 2 and 3 branches	12 50
18 to 24 inches, 4 to 8 branches	18 00
2 to 3 feet, 2 and 3 branches	17 00

## Two Year

2 to 3 feet, 4 to 8 branches	<i>Pray</i>	25 00
3 to 4 feet, 5 to 10 branches	<i>Praise</i>	35 00

The two year privet was cut back to the ground last spring, is branched from the ground; fine stuff.

## GRAPES

	1 year No. 1	2 year Medium	2 year Extra heavy
	Per 100	Per 100	Per 100
Agawam, red-----		2 75	-----
Concord, black-----	1 50	-----	-----
Delaware, red-----	3 00	3 50	-----
Ives, late, black-----	2 00	2 75	-----
Lutie, early, dark red-----		4 50	7 00
Moore's Early, black-----	2 50	3 50	-----
Moore's Diamond, white-----		3 00	-----
Niagara, white-----	2 00	2 75	-----
Worden, early black-----		3 00	-----
Scuppernong, white-----		7 50	10 00
James Scuppernong, black-----			10 00

Use two year vines for Fall orders, they have much more root than 1 year, are riper, in better condition, larger, will deliver better and give your customers satisfaction; these two year medium vines cost only a trifle more than 1 year.

## CURRANTS

	Per 100
Cherry, 2 year, No. 1-----	\$ 2 50
Fays, 2 year No. 1-----	2 50
Red Dutch, 2 year No. 1-----	2 50
White Grape, 2 year, No. 1-----	2 75

Read the grape vine story above, this also applies to currants.

## GOOSEBERRY

	5 00
Houghton, 2 year-----	4 00

Use 2 year bushes if you would make money and friends.

## RASPBERRIES

	Per 100	Per 1000
Cumberland (black cap) 2 year, transplants-----	\$ 1 25	-----
1 year, after Nov. 15-----		\$ 6 75
Cuthbert (red) 1 year, before Nov. 15-----	80	-----
1 year, after Nov. 15-----		5 75
Kansas (black cap) 2 year transplants-----	1 25	-----
1 year after Nov. 15-----		5 75

Only 2 year (transplanted) black cap raspberries are fit to use for fall orders; they will be ripe, while the others are not; they will have roots on one end, they may deliver and give satisfaction. We transplanted a few last spring that we might take good care of the near by trade.

## BLACKBERRY AND DEWBERRY

Erie and Snyder from root cuttings, before Nov. 15-----	\$ 0 80	-----
after Nov. 15-----		6 50
Lucretia Dewberry, 2 year, transplants-----	1 75	-----
1 year, after Nov. 15-----		10 00

The Raspberry story also applies to Dewberries; Blackberries are not as tender.

## ASPARAGUS

	Per 100
Conover's Colossal-----	\$ 0 50

## RHUBARB

Myatt's Linnaeus-----	Oak	\$ 2 00
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## NUT TREES

## ALMOND, Soft Shell, on Peach Roots

		Per 10	Per 100
4 to 6 feet	<i>Nab</i>	\$ 1 50	\$ 12 50
3 to 4 feet	<i>Nabob</i>	1 00	8 00
2 to 3 feet	<i>Nag</i>	75	5 00

## CHESTNUT, American Sweet

3 to 4 feet		1 00	-----
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## CHESTNUT, Japan Mammoth

3 to 4 feet		2 00	-----
2 to 3 feet		1 50	-----
18 to 24 inches	<i>Naked</i>	1 25	10 00
12 to 18 inches	<i>Nap</i>	1 00	8 00

## CHESTNUT, Spanish

4 to 5 feet	<i>Net</i>	1 25	10 00
3 to 4 feet	<i>Nettle</i>	1 00	8 00
2 to 3 feet	<i>Near</i>	75	6 00
18 to 24 inches	<i>Neck</i>	50	4 00

## PECAN

SEEDLINGS. Trees from thin shell Texas nuts		Per 100	
3 to 4 feet		9 00	
2 to 3 feet		7 00	
18 to 24 inches		5 00	
12 to 18 inches		4 00	

## GRAFTED

2 to 3 feet		50 00	
Pabst	<i>Stuart</i>		

Russell

Van Deman

## WALNUT, English

3 to 4 feet	<i>Nix</i>	1 25	-----
2 to 3 feet	<i>Not</i>	1 00	-----
18 to 24 inches	<i>Notary</i>	80	6 00
12 to 18 inches	<i>Notable</i>	60	5 00

## WALNUT, Japan

3 to 4 feet	<i>Notch</i>	1 25	10 00
2 to 3 feet	<i>Notify</i>	1 00	8 00
18 to 24 inches	<i>Notion</i>	75	7 00
12 to 18 inches	<i>Noun</i>	50	4 50

Cordiformis

Sieboldiana

## WALNUT, Black

		Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
2 to 3 feet	<i>Novel</i>	\$ 0 50	\$ 3 00	\$ 18 00
1 to 2 feet	<i>Now</i>	40	2 00	12 00

## MAGNOLIA GRANDIFLORA

From open ground, once transplanted, which gives more roots	Per 100
18 to 24 inches	\$ 20 00
2 to 3 feet	25 00
3 to 4 feet	30 00
4 to 5 feet	45 00

## ORNAMENTALS

	Per 10	Per 100
Aralia Japonica, 8 to 10 feet	\$ 2 50	-----
"      "      6 to 7 feet	1 50	-----
Ash, European Mountain	75	-----
Birch, Cut Leaf Weeping, 6 to 8 feet	3 50	-----
"      "      3 to 4 feet	1 75	-----
Linden, American, 6 to 8 feet	2 50	-----
"      "      5 to 6 feet	2 00	-----
Maiden Hair, 6 to 8 feet	2 00	-----
Magnolia Acuminata, 4 to 5 feet	2 50	-----
"      "      3 to 4 feet	2 00	-----
"      "      2 to 3 feet	1 50	-----
Maple, Norway, 8 to 10 feet	3 50	-----
"      "      6 to 8 feet	2 50	-----
"      "      5 to 6 feet	2 00	-----
Maple, Silver, 10 to 12 feet	2 50	20 00
"      "      8 to 10 feet	2 00	18 00
"      "      6 to 8 feet	1 50	12 50
"      "      5 to 6 feet	1 00	8 50
Maple, Sugar, 8 to 10 feet	3 00	-----
"      "      6 to 8 feet	2 50	-----
"      "      5 to 6 feet	1 75	-----
Maple, Weir's Cut Leaf, 10 to 12 feet	2 50	20 00
"      "      8 to 10 feet	2 00	18 00
"      "      6 to 8 feet	1 50	12 50
"      "      5 to 6 feet	1 00	8 00
Mulberry, Teas Weeping	6 00	-----
Peach, double red and white, 4 to 6 feet	1 25	10 00
"      "      3 to 4 feet	1 00	7 50
Plane, oriental, (European sycamore) 4 to 5 feet	1 25	-----
"      "      3 to 4 feet	75	-----
Poplar, Carolina, 12 to 15 feet	2 50	20 00
"      "      10 to 12 feet	2 00	17 00
"      "      8 to 10 feet	1 50	12 00
"      "      6 to 8 feet	1 00	8 00
"      "      4 to 6 feet whips	5 00	-----
"      "      3 to 4 feet whips	3 50	-----
Poplar, Lombardy, 10 to 12 feet	2 00	17 00
"      "      8 to 10 feet	1 50	12 00
Prunus Pissardi and Triloba, see Shrubs		
Willow, Babylonica, (common weeping) 5 to 6 ft	1 50	-----
"      "      4 to 5 ft	1 25	-----
"      "      3 to 4 ft	1 00	-----
Willow, Kilmarnock, No. 1	3 00	-----

TEAS WEEPING MULBERRY is by far the most valuable tree of its habit, (umbrella shaped head) for the South. It is a vigorous grower, will withstand our long hot summers and is perfectly hardy, while Kilmarnock Willow is not at all satisfactory. We have a stock of Willow, 30c. Teas Weeping Mulberry, 60c.

## CLIMBING SHRUBS

	Per 10
CLEMATIS, 2 year, strong	
Jackmannii (Large Purple)	1 50
Henryii (Large White)	1 50
Mad. Edward Andre (Large Red)	1 50
Paniculata (Small White)	75
HONEYSUCKLE, 2 year, strong	
Halls Japan	75
Japan Golden	75
Yellow Trumpet	75
	Per 100
	6 00
	6 00
	5 50

## ALTHEA

We think we have one of the finest collections of ALTHEAS in the U. S. We are prepared to furnish young plants in quantity for lining out in nursery.



### Two Years, Transplanted

		Per 10	Per 100
18 to 24 inches, well branched	<i>Sill</i>	\$ 0 50	\$ 3 50
2 to 3 feet, lightly branched	<i>Sito</i>	50	3 50
2 to 3 feet, well branched	<i>Silt</i>	70	5 50
3 to 4 feet, well branched	<i>Sin</i>	80	7 50

### One Year

		Per 100	Per 1000
2 to 3 feet, whips	<i>Signa</i>	2 00	15 00
3 to 4 feet, whips	<i>Silent</i>	2 50	20 00
3 to 4 feet, little trees	<i>Silk</i>	3 50	25 00

### VARIETIES AND DESCRIPTION

ARDENS—Double purple or violet, dark red claw, (base of petals) vigorous.

BOULE DE FEU—Double medium red, large flower, vigorous.

CELESTIS—Single, deep sky blue, fine heavy pistil, cardinal claw, finest blue.

DUCHESSE DE BRABANT—Very double, dark red, few petals in center fringed to white. Vigorous

ELEGANTISSIMA—Semi-double, pink, inner petals quilled, red claw, large flower, fine, vigorous.

GRANDIFLORA SUPERBA—Double white and red, large flower, vigorous, well formed pyramidal.

JEANNE DE ARC—Double pure white, best double white.

LADY STANLEY—Semi-double, pinkish white with salmon streaks, dark red claw, vigorous.

PULCHERRIMA—Semi-double, white shaded to pink, outer petals broad and show cardinal claw, inner petals quilled, vigorous, one of the finest in our collection.

POMPON ROUGE—Double red, outer petals broad and show cardinal claw, inner petals quilled; a strong grower but not as hardy as the others.

RUBRA PLENA—Double, light red, outer petals show cardinal claw, inner petals quilled.

TOTUS ALBUS—Single, pure white, fine heavy pistil.

VIOLET CLAIR—Double violet, outer petals broad and show cardinal claw, inner petals quilled, much like Ardens. Variegated leaf, variegated foliage.

## SHRUBS

	Per 10	Per 100
Althea, see page 14		
Calycanthus Floridus, 4 to 5 ft, bushy, heavy	\$ 2 00	-----
"    "    3 to 4 ft. bushy, heavy	1 50	12 00
"    "    2 to 3 ft, clumps	90	7 00
"    "    18 to 24 inches, clumps	75	5 50
"    "    12 to 18 inches, clumps	60	4 50
Cornus Floridus, 3 to 4 feet	2 25	-----
Deutzia, Pride of Rochester, 1 to 2 feet	40	2 50
Euonymus Japonicus, 12 to 18 inches	75	6 00
Forsythia, 3 to 4 feet, bushy, heavy	75	-----
"    "    2 to 3 feet	60	5 00
"    "    1 to 2 feet	40	3 00
Fortunei		
Intermedia		
Sieboldi		
Purple Fringe, 2 to 3 feet	1 00	7 50
"    "    18 to 24 inches	75	6 00
Fringe, White, 2 to 3 feet	1 25	-----
Hydrangea, P. G., 18 to 24 inches	75	6 00
"    "    12 to 18 inches	50	4 00
Hypericum Moserianum, 3 yr. heavy clumps	1 00	-----
Jasminum, nudiflorum, 3 year, heavy, bushy	2 00	-----
"    officinale, 3 year, heavy, bushy	2 00	-----
Lilac, Purple, 4 to 5 feet	1 00	8 00
"    "    3 to 4 feet	75	6 50
"    "    2 to 3 feet	60	5 00
Lilac, Tree form, 4 feet or over	1 25	-----
Lilac, White, 2 to 3 feet	75	6 00
Magnolia, Gracilis, 1 to 2 feet	1 75	-----
"    Souleangana, 1 to 2 feet	1 75	-----
"    Tripetala, 1 to 2 feet	1 00	-----
Prunus Pissardi, 4 to 5 feet	1 25	10 00
"    "    3 to 4 feet	1 00	8 00
"    "    2 to 3 feet	75	6 00
Prunus Triloba, 2 to 3 feet	1 25	9 00
"    "    18 to 24 inches	75	6 50
Quince, Japan, 4 to 5 feet, heavy	1 00	-----
"    "    3 to 4 feet, heavy	75	-----
"    "    2 to 3 feet,	60	-----
Snowball, common, 18 to 24 inches	75	6 00
"    "    12 to 18 inches	50	4 00
Spirea, Bumalda, 2 yr. 12 to 18 inches, clumps	75	-----
"    Opulifolia, 4 to 5 feet, extra heavy	1 25	-----
"    Reevesiana flore pleno, 4-5 ft. ex. heavy	1 25	-----
"    Van Houttei, 3 to 4 feet, extra heavy	1 25	10 00
"    "    2 to 3 feet, well bran	80	7 00
Viburnum Plicatum Tomentosum, 1 to 2 feet	1 50	12 00
Weigelia, Variegated, 3 to 4 feet, heavy	1 25	-----
Yucca Filamentosa, 3 year, extra heavy	75	5 00

A few hundred tree form Purple Lilac, fine stuff.

## SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI

We are prepared to furnish the one year grades in quantity. These plants are grown in nursery rows 45 inches apart, with ample space in the row. The plants are WELL branched, and HEAVILY rooted.

## One Year

	Per 1000
18 to 24 inches, well branched	18 00
2 to 3 feet, lightly branched	30 00
2 to 3 feet, heavily branched	40 00

## Two Years, Transplanted

Per 10	Per 100
1 25	10 00
80	7 00

## EVERGREENS

		Per 10	Per 100
Arborvitae, American, 18 to 24 inches.....		75	5 00
" " 12 to 18 inches.....		50	3 00
Arborvitae, Chinese, 4 to 5 feet .....		1 50	-----
" " 3 to 4 feet .....		1 25	-----
" " 2 to 3 feet .....		1 00	10 00
" " 18 to 24 inches .....		80	7 50
Arborvitae, Chinese Evergolden, 2 to 3 ft.....		2 00	-----
" " " 18 to 24 inches .....		1 50	-----
" " " 12 to 18 inches .....		1 25	-----
" " " 8 to 12 inches .....		1 00	-----
Arborvitae, Pyramidalis, 18 to 24 inches.....		1 50	-----
" " " 12 to 18 inches .....		1 25	-----
Balsam Fir, 18 to 24 inches.....		75	-----
Biota Rosedale, 2 to 3 feet .....		1 50	-----
" " 18 to 24 inches .....		1 25	-----
Box, Dwarf, 4 to 6 inches .....		30	3 00
Cedrus, Deodara, 3 to 4 feet .....		2 50	-----
" " 18 to 24 inches .....		2 00	-----
" " 12 to 18 inches .....		1 50	-----
Cypress, Lawson, 3 to 4 feet .....		2 00	-----
Larch, European, 18 to 24 inches .....		50	4 50
" " " 12 to 18 inches .....		40	2 25
Juniper, Irish, 3 to 4 feet .....		2 50	-----
" " 2 to 3 feet .....		2 00	-----
" " 18 to 24 inches .....		1 75	-----
" " 12 to 18 inches .....		1 00	-----
Spruce, Hemlock, 18 to 24 inches .....		1 00	-----
" " " 12 to 18 inches .....		75	-----
Spruce, Norway, 2 to 3 feet .....		1 00	-----
" " " 18 to 24 inches .....		75	-----
" " " 12 to 18 inches .....		50	-----

## SHRUB AND TREE SEEDLINGS

		Per 1000	Per 10000
White Ash, 1 year seedlings, 1 to 2 feet .....		5 00	40 00
" " " " 3 to 4 feet .....		6 00	50 00
Black Locust, 1 year seedlings, 2 to 3 feet .....		4 50	40 00
" " " " 3 to 4 feet .....		7 00	65 00
" " " " 4 to 5 feet .....		10 00	85 00
Red Bud ( <i>Sercis canadensis</i> ) 1 yr. seedlings 1 to 2 feet .....		5 00	40 00
" " " " 2 to 3 feet .....		6 50	55 00
Silver Maple, 1 year seedlings, 18 inches and up .....		3 50	-----
Black Walnut, 1 year seedlings, 1 to 2 feet .....		12 00	-----
" " " " 2 to 3 feet .....		18 00	-----
Tulip Poplar ( <i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> ) 1 yr. seedlings, 1 to 2 ft .....		5 00	42 00
" " " " 3 to 4 ft .....		6 50	55 00
" " " " 2 yr. transp., 2 to 3 feet .....		18 00	-----
" " " " 3 to 4 feet .....		26 00	-----
" " " " 4 to 5 feet .....		40 00	-----
Hackberry, ( <i>Celtis occidentalis</i> ) 1 yr. seedlings, 12 to 18 inches .....		5 00	40 00
Russian Mulberry, seedlings, 18 inches and up .....		4 50	-----
White Fringe, ( <i>Chionanthus virginica</i> ) 2 yr. transp., 8 to 18 in. .....		20 00	-----
Calycanthus, (Sweet Shrub) 6 to 12 inches .....		6 50	-----
" " " " 1 to 2 feet feet .....		8 00	-----
Althea, Seedling, 18 inches and up .....		6 00	-----

FRUIT TREE SEEDLINGS—We are in position to quote price on the VERY BEST GRADES and would like to figure with you.

We can only prosper by getting repeat orders, we can only get repeat orders from satisfied customers; you figure it out.

## ROSES

## OWN ROOTS, FIRST SIZE

	Per 100
Baltimore Belle.....	\$ 6 00
Crimson Rambler.....	7 50
Dorothy Perkins.....	7 50
Empress of China.....	6 00
Henri Martin, (Red Moss).....	8 00
Madam Plantier.....	6 00
Pink Rambler.....	6 00
Queen of Prairie.....	6 00
Seven Sisters.....	7 50
Tennessee Belle.....	6 00
White Rambler.....	7 50
Yellow Rambler.....	7 50
MARECHAL NEIL, strong budded plants, on manetti.....	12 50

Second size, (plants with 18 inches of wood), all above sorts at half the price for first size.

## TREE ROSES

In this part of the world they are worthles, but it "aint agin de law" to sell 'em (it ought to be.) We imported a few last spring to transplant for fall trade, most of them are alive, struggling along, poor stuff, but better tree roses than we have ever had before.

Each ..... 40c.

---

Fix Alabama and the mule in your mind, in connection with the Nurseries here, that's we'uns.

## NURSERYMEN'S SUPPLIES

## PROMPT SHIPMENT

## KNIVES

"Chase's Alabama Grown" Knives are especially made for us by one of the great cutlery manufacturers who has a reputation for making knives of GOOD QUALITY. The blades are hand hammered from Wardlow's English steel. For many years we have used knives from this maker and have found them satisfactory.

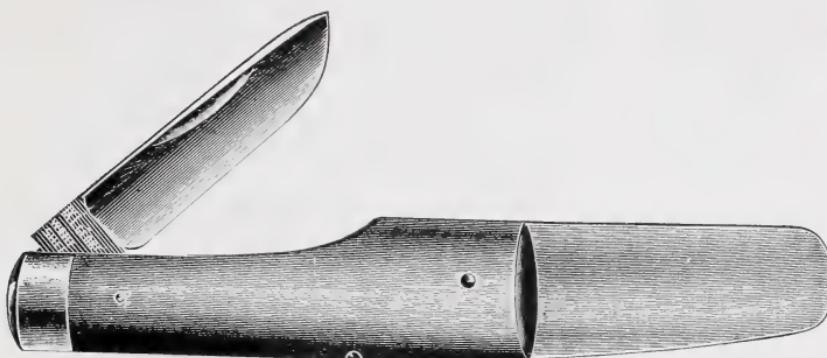
## Grafting

Cut  $\frac{3}{4}$  Size

C. A. G. GRAFTER—Cocoa handle, pocket edition

Price each, postpaid	\$ 0 25
Per dozen, Freight or Express	2 75
Per dozen, postpaid	3 00

Do not wait until the last minute to order your supplies.

**Budding**Cut  $\frac{3}{4}$  Size

WOSTENHOLM'S I X L, Ivory Tip—The best budding knife we know of and strong enough for an all purpose knife.

Price each, postpaid	\$ 0 75
Per dozen, Freight or Express	8 00
Per dozen, postpaid	8 25

Cut  $\frac{3}{4}$  Size

C. A. G. BUDDER—All wood (cocoa) handle, no metal bolsters, strong enough for a budding knife, but not strong enough for an all purpose knife, the end of the handle is made thin forming a wedge for raising the bark.

Price each, postpaid	\$ 0 35
Per dozen, Freight or Express	3 85
Per dozen, postpaid	4 00

## Budding



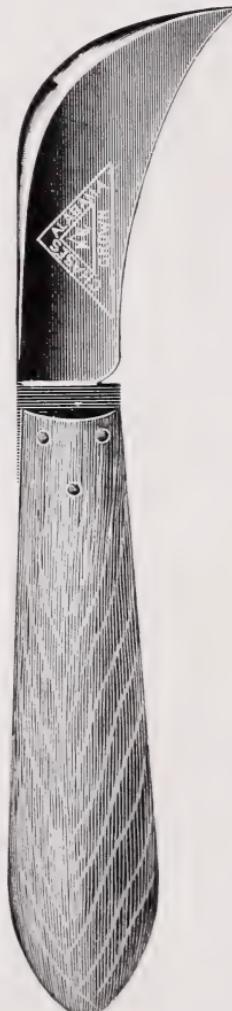
STATIONARY BUDDER—Note shape, size and "hang" of blade, made for budding but not as convenient for the pocket as the others.

Price each, postpaid, \$ 0 25

Per dozen, Freight or Express, \$ 2 25

Per dozen, postpaid, \$ 2 40

## Pruning



Cut  $\frac{1}{2}$  Size

C. A. G. PRUNER—Stationary handle, full length 8 inches, length of blade 3 inches.

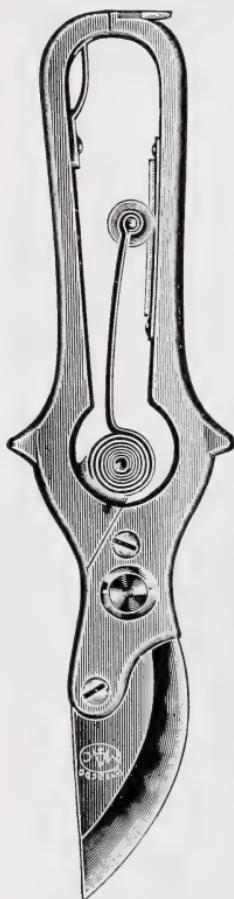
Price each, postpaid, \$ 0 30

Per dozen, Freight or Express, \$ 2 75

Per dozen, postpaid, \$ 3 20

## Pruning Shears

## For Making Cuttings for Propagation



WATCH SPRING, FRENCH, 8 INCH

We offer shears that make CLEAN CUTS because we think you want that kind.

A sharp knife makes the CLEANEST, BEST cut, all "soft" wood cuttings are made with a sharp knife because there is no chance for a bruise, but cuttings from hard wood can be made with shears. If the shears bruise the bark or crush the wood the cuttings have a poor chance for life. The best shears make a cut approaching a knife cut.

This shear makes a CLEAN CUT. The spring is quick and positive but not strong enough to tire operator. We began using this shear in 1890 and frequently have had a dozen pairs in use at one time, we thought of it as THE BEST. The one trouble, was, once in a while the spring would break and we could not find new springs nearer than France, but we now carry a stock of extra springs, price 20 cents each.

Price per pair, postpaid \$ 1 35

Price per dozen pairs, by Express

or Freight 14 50

Weight per dozen pairs, 7 lbs.

For Cutting Seedlings Back to the Bud, or Heavy Work—Same make as above 9 inch, extra heavy.

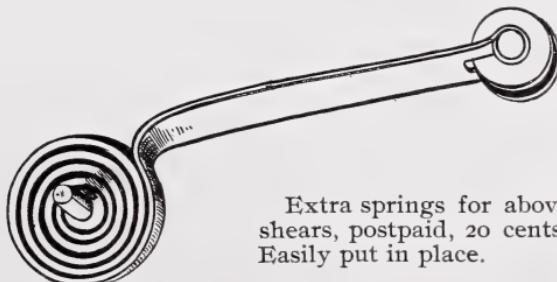
Price per pair, postpaid \$ 1 70

Price per dozen pairs, by Express

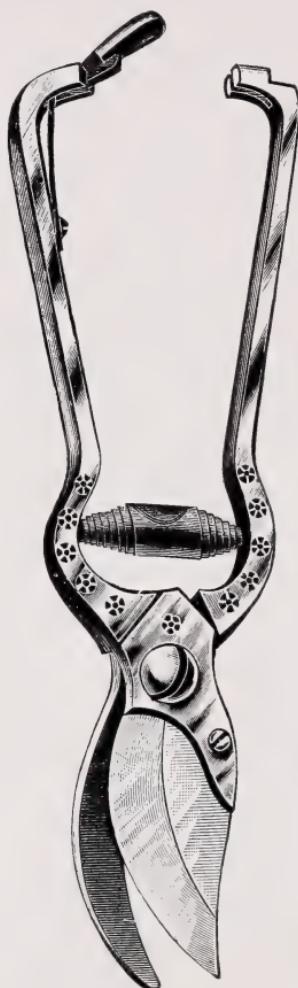
or Freight 17 00

Weight per dozen pairs, 11 lbs.

Makes a QUICK CLEAN CUT, strong enough for heavy work, we especially recommend this shear for "cutting back."



Extra springs for above shears, postpaid, 20 cents. Easily put in place.



LADIES, GERMAN, 6 inch, full nickel plated. Volute spring

Price per pair, postpaid ..... \$ 0 75

Price per dozen pairs, by Express or Freight ..... 8 00

Weight per dozen pairs, 2 $\frac{3}{4}$  lbs.

Not large enough for general use, a HIGH GRADE, beautifully finished shear, large enough for use about rose bushes or shrubs in the garden, or for light work.

## Labels

Plain, 3 $\frac{1}{2}$  inches, wired, packed 1000 in package.

Per 1000, 75 cents. Per 5000, \$3.50. Per 10000 \$6.50

Weight 4 lbs. per 1000.

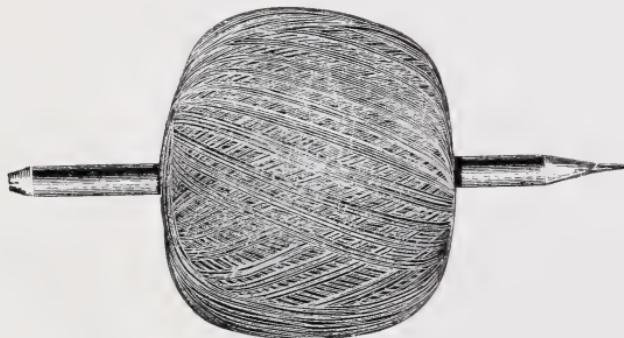
## Raffia

Best grade. Fresh stock. Per pound.	\$ 0 14
100 pounds, per pound.	11 $\frac{1}{2}$
Second quality, per pound.	09
100 pounds, per pound.	06 $\frac{1}{2}$

## Grafting Thread

GRAFTING THREAD put up in balls, three ply, firmly twisted and loosely wound so that it can be *soaked in boiling wax and used from the ball.*

Price per pound, not waxed.....	\$ 0 35
Same waxed ready for use, price per pound.....	40



This illustration shows a ball of our grafting thread with a pencil run through the hole in the center. Many nurserymen prefer to suspend the ball of grafting thread from a wire to be unwound as it is used, we prefer to keep the grafting thread in *warm water* while it is being used, as described below. This can be used either way.

### To Keep Grafting Thread in Good Condition While Using

Put a ball of waxed grafting thread into a quart cup or pan (a tomato can will do), fill it half full of water and arrange over a lighted lamp or small oil stove to *keep the water warm*, go ahead.

### Grafting Wax for Bench Use, and How to Wax Your Thread

One part (by weight) Tallow; two parts (by weight) pure Beeswax; four parts (by weight) Rosin. Put all in an open kettle and melt down. When boiling, stir thoroughly, throw in balls of thread *loosely wound*. When the balls sink to the bottom of kettle, the wax has gone through and they are ready to come out, when cool are ready for use. It will require two to four minutes for balls to sink.

## Steel Box Straps

One inch wide, nine inches long, thin soft steel, strong enough to hold the heaviest box. You can drive an ordinary nail through it without punching. Packed in kegs and takes same freight rate as nails, or sixth class, ready for immediate shipment. About 2800 pieces in 100 pounds.

Less than 50 pounds, price per pound.....	\$ 0 06
50 pound kegs, price per keg.....	3 00
100 pound kegs, price per keg.....	5 50

### Box Lining Paper

Helps keep out frost and heat, protects contents of box from drying winds. It is water proof, by this we mean that it will resist a good deal of moisture, but there is a limit.

This paper is put up in rolls 40 inches wide, about 100 pounds in a roll. Ten lineal feet weigh one pound, or one roll will line twenty-seven full size cases. We call it a good paper. You can buy paper for less money, but we think you will find this cheaper in the end.

Price, per pound..... \$ 0 04½

### Cordage, Twines, Etc.

FLAX SAIL TWINE for sewing burlap put up in skeins,

Per pound..... \$ 0 25

THREE-PLY TUBE CORD (breaking strength 127 pounds,) for light express bales, on reels of about 45 pounds each.

Per pound..... \$ 0 10

We cannot sell less than a reel.



TWO-PLY SISAL CORD (breaking strength 170 pound) for heavy express bales, on reels of about 45 pounds each.

Per pound..... \$ 0 10½

We cannot sell less than a reel.

FOUR-PLY WOOL TWINE for tying trees in bundles, 300 feet to pound, put up in balls weighing about one pound each, packed about 100 lbs. in a bale.

In bale lots, per pound..... \$ 0 10½

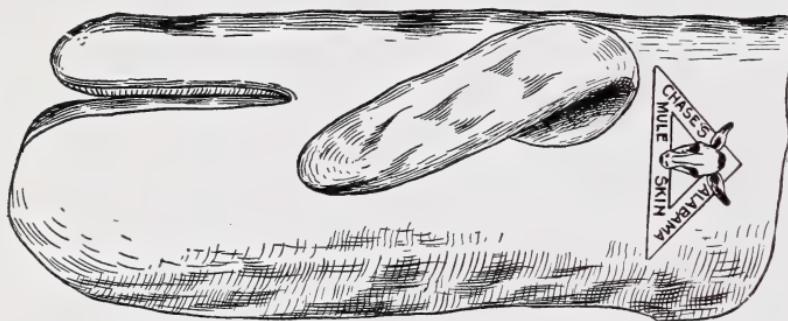
In less than bale lots, per pound..... 11

You can buy wool twine for less money per pound; the twine we offer is four-ply, strong, and 300 feet in a pound. We have tested some of the cheap twine, (thought of using it) and found 156 feet in a pound; figure it out.

### Sphagnum Moss

Compressed in wire bound bales containing 80 to 100 lbs. Each bale wrapped in new burlap for 20 cents extra; the burlap prevents loss in shipment and is worth its cost for use again.

Per 100 pounds..... \$ 1 50

**Alabama Mule Skin Mittens**

A leather mitten with separate sheath for forefinger, the other three fingers in one sheath. Made from Mule Skin, nearly as durable as Buck Skin, at one-fourth the cost. Alabama mules are tough. We have not advanced the price on Alabama Mule Skin, but your Uncle John D. had a word to say about price on oil, used to prepare mule skin, and so we must pay tribute.

Single pair by mail, postpaid	\$ 0 35
Per dozen, by freight or express	3 00

**Burlap**

40 inches wide, per yard	\$ 0 6½
Full piece, about 200 yards, per yard	0 06

The price is high but we cannot sell for less on the present market. If the market "goes off" we will give you the benefit; at this price you will find new burlap as cheap, and more satisfactory than old burlap or bags.

**Needles for Sewing Burlap**

5 inch, extra quality, per dozen	\$ 0 35
5 inch, common, per dozen	0 20

**Ames Nursery Spade**

D handle, double strapped full length of handle, tapered nursery spade, side of blade,  $12\frac{3}{4} \times 7\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ ; weight 9 pounds.

Each	\$ 1 50
Per dozen	17 00

## OFFICE SUPPLIES

### Order Books

Your name and address printed, 100 orders to book, best quality heavy glazed paper, latest form, (sample sheet free for the asking.) Not less than 500.

Per 500, 5 books	\$ 1 75
Per 1000, 10 books	2 50

Postage extra, 5 cents per book.

 Always give plain copy of firm name and address so that no mistake in printing will occur.

### Delivery Books

Bound in paper cover, ruled showing name of customer, P. O. Address, amount of order, how settled, etc., printed in copying ink.

For 24 accounts, per dozen, postpaid	\$ 0 50
For 72 accounts, per dozen, "	75
For 120 accounts, per dozen, "	85
For 168 accounts, per dozen, "	1 00

Half dozen at dozen rates.

### Shipping Tags

Printed to order, strung ready for use. Two sizes, two qualities, all are reinforced with an extra brass eyelet. Same quality we have used for a number of years, a good tag.

Size $2\frac{1}{2}$ x $4\frac{3}{4}$ inches, printed one side, per 500	\$ 1 30
Per 1000	1 85
Printed two sides, per 500	1 60
Per 1000	2 30
Size $2\frac{7}{8}$ x $5\frac{3}{4}$ inch, printed one side, per 500	1 55
Per 1000	2 10
Printed two sides, per 500	1 95
Per 1000	2 75

#### EXTRA QUALITY—Water Proof

Size $2\frac{1}{2}$ x $4\frac{3}{4}$ inch, printed one side, per 500	\$ 1 45
Per 1000	2 00
Printed two sides, per 500	1 75
Per 1000	2 50
Size $2\frac{7}{8}$ x $5\frac{3}{4}$ inch, printed one side, per 500	1 80
Per 1000	2 35
Printed two sides, per 500	2 15
Per 1000	3 00

 Always send copy showing how tags are to be printed.

## Directions for Fumigating Nursery Stock With Hydrocyanic Acid Gas.

---

The necessary equipment consists of an air tight chamber (box or house) a glazed earthenware vessel, a glass measure graduated to ounces (a plain tumbler, mark the sides with a file) and a set of accurate scales. The necessary chemicals are Cyanide of Potash (98 per cent.) and Sulphuric Acid (specific gravity 1.83.) Care should be taken to secure the 98 per cent. Cyanide otherwise an insufficient amount of gas would be generated and the fumigation prove ineffective ("Commercial" Cyanide contains an average of 26.45 per cent. Cyanide of Potash.) Cyanide of Potash must be kept in an air tight package and so packed will keep indefinitely, it is a deadly poison and should not be left where it will fall into the hands of children or careless persons and should never be handled by a person having open sores, cuts or bruises upon his hands. The gas is colorless and if inhaled in quantity is fatal, smaller amounts induce headache or dizziness.

The best commercial grade of Sulphuric Acid should be procured. This acid should be kept in a glass or earthenware vessel tightly stopped with a glass or lead stopper.

The chief requisite for a fumigation house is that it should be air tight or gas proof.

The standard formula for fumigating each 100 cubic feet of space contained in the fumigating house is as follows:

1 oz. Cyanide of Potash (98 per cent.) 2 fluid oz. Sulphuric Acid. 4 fluid oz. of Water.

The glazed earthenware vessel should be somewhat larger than is necessary to hold the chemicals, a one or two gallon jar is perhaps the best container.

The trees, as dug and brought from the field should be placed in the fumigating house, care being taken to see that they are free from any considerable quantities of mud or dirt, the trees should not be fumigated when they are wet as it has been shown that in this condition they are likely to be injured by the gas. When the compartment is full of stock, close all openings except the door, place the jar on the floor near the middle of the room, pour in the required amount of water and then slowly pour in the acid. The Cyanide previously weighed and enclosed in a tight paper bag is now dropped into the jar and the operator leaves *immediately* and closes the door *tight*. The steps in this operation SHOULD NEVER BE VARIED. If water is poured into the acid a violent action takes place and may be the cause of injury to the operator. Enclosing the Cyanide in a paper bag makes it convenient and safe to handle and retards the generation of the gas for a moment after being dropped, thus allowing time to leave the room and close the door securely.

Keep the room closed for forty minutes, at the end of which time the door and window should be thrown open, care being taken to avoid the outward rush of gas. After fifteen minutes of airing the room may be safely entered and the stock removed, being now ready for packing or heeling in. After fumigating the contents of the jar should be buried.

Georgia State Board of Entomology advises Nurserymen to use Merck & Co.'s Cyanide when in original sealed packages. See bulletin No. 15, pages 20-23.

### Chemicals

*Cyanide of Potash*, Merck & Co.'s (98 per cent.) in original sealed tin packages containing: 1 pound net, per pound.----- \$0.35

Cyanide of Potash is excluded from the mails, but can be shipped by Express or Freight.

*Sulphuric Acid* (Specific Gravity 1.83) large glass stopped bottles, securely packed in cases ready for shipment.

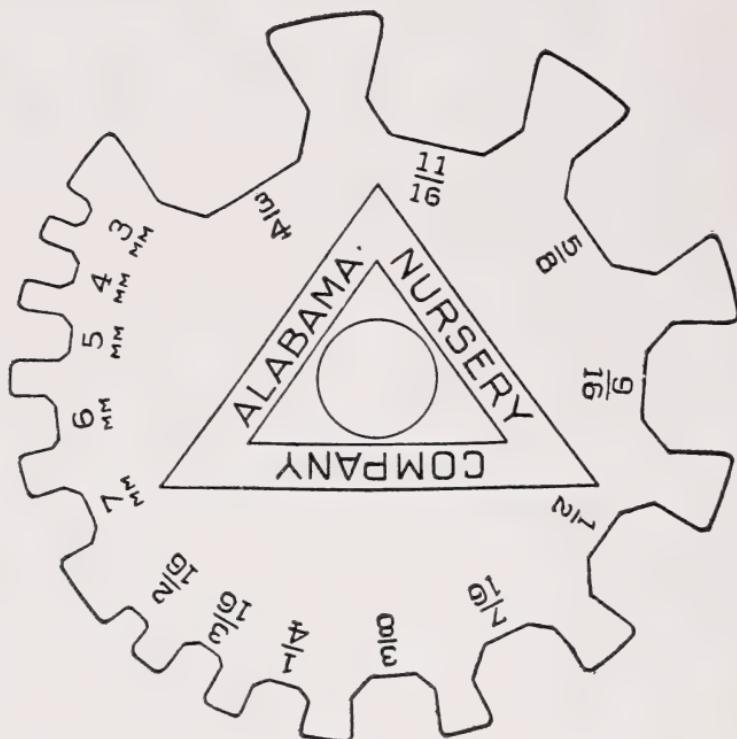
10 pound bottle.----- \$1.00

15 pound bottle.----- 1.40

Sulphuric Acid cannot be shipped by Express but can be shipped by Freight.

Buy chemicals of your local druggist if you can secure Merck's Cyanide in UNBROKEN original packages, and Sulphuric Acid that has been kept in a GLASS STOPPED bottle.

## TREE GAUGE



Not patented. Any one is at liberty to make them, or to use this as a basis for a better one; if wanted we will be glad to help. We used the standard wire gauge for our model; thus far our gauge has cost four years' work, (with a little time on the side for other things) a little less than four hundred dollars in real money, and a law suit, yet to be settled. (We are not worrying.) We wanted a tree gauge that was accurate, indestructible, compact, easy to read, quickly understood; we think we have it. It is made from cold rolled steel, about the thickness of a heavy cross cut saw; is practically indestructible; is guaranteed accurate to within a limit of one hundredth of an inch; both sides are marked alike, the gauge is always right side up; all dimension parts are deep enough to give a correct diameter measurement; all sharp edges or burrs that would bruise the bark have been removed.

Price, regardless of quantity, each, postpaid..... \$0 50

DEPARTMENT OF  
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING  
AND  
MECHANIC ARTS

JOHN J. WILMORE,  
W. THOMAS FULLER,  
WILL R. STOKES,  
A. L. THOMAS,  
R. M. WEBB,  
W. L. MORTON,  
F. D. RICHARDSON

Alabama Polytechnic Institute

AUBURN, ALABAMA

May 11, 1907.

Messrs. Alabama Nursery Co.,  
Huntsville, Ala.

RECEIVED

MAY 13 1907

ENCLOSURE

Gentlemen:—

I enclose herewith the calibration of the gauges. The maximum error is six thousandths of an inch, well within the limit allowable.

The work of calibration was done by Mr. A. L. Thomas of my department and was done with considerable care. I think the results are accurate within a limit of less than a quarter of a thousandth or one four thousandth of an inch.

Trusting that this will serve your purpose, I am

Yours very truly,

*Jno. J. Wilmore.*  
Prof. Mech. Eng.

## WHAT OTHERS SAY

SHENANDOAH, IA., Oct. 6th, '06.

We consider this as near a perfect caliper as we can imagine. As soon as you have some ready we would like to get four or five dozen.

D. S. LAKE.

WINCHESTER, TENN., Dec. 4th, '06.

Please send me one dozen of your tree gauges, they will be invaluable in the hands of my graders. Think I will have the name of each grader engraved on his gauge, which will make him feel that it is his property and he will take greater interest in using it.

J. C. HALE.

MONROE, MICH., July 31st, '07.

We take pleasure in advising that the tree gauges purchased of you last fall have given excellent satisfaction, we find them to be all you recommend.

I. E. ILGENFRITZ SONS CO.

## TREE COUNTER

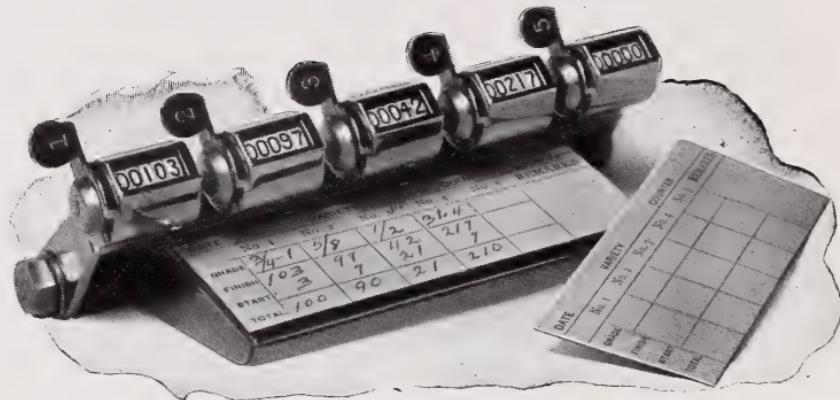


ILLUSTRATION ONE-THIRD ACTUAL SIZE

Four dial machine with 1000 record cards \$ 18 00

Five dial machine with 1000 record cards \$ 22 00

The counters we sent out previous to 1905 were not as well made; those dials would get out of order; these will not. If you have an old machine and want to exchange for a new one, write us about it.

SALEM ORE., May 4th, 1907.

The tree counters (two machines) bought from you last year did not get out of order, they were very satisfactory in every way, they are a great help. We think them a great improvement over the old style.

OREGON NURSERY CO.

CHARLES CITY, IA., May 15th, 1907.

We received one of your new style counters last fall, used it in our fall and winter counting and are glad to report that we found the machine entirely satisfactory. It is far ahead of anything we have ever seen for this purpose.

SHERMAN NURSERY CO.

HUNTSVILLE, ALA., May 16th, '07.

Today I had occasion to use the counter and only now fully realize the superiority of the new style over the old, both in durability of levers and their limit of motion; they MAKE THE MARK and STOP. It would require very rough handling to break the machine or get the mechanism out of order.

JOHN FRASER.

SHEPHERDSTOWN, W. VA., May 16th, 1907.

The tree counter received from you this fall has been tested and is certainly a great saving in taking account of stock in the nursery. It at least saves half the labor and is more accurate and more satisfactory all around than the old system.

D. S. LAKE.

Auburn, Ala., August 17th, 1907.

To Whom It May Concern:

This is to certify that Certificate No. 1 has this day been issued to the Alabama Nursery Company, Huntsville, Alabama, for the Season of 1907-8.

(Signed) R. S. MACKINTOSH,  
State Horticulturist.

---

IF WANTED we will fumigate with Hydrocyanic Acid Gas.



## TELEGRAMS AND EXPRESS

---

A telegram will do the business. Shipments usually move day order is received. Use code words for grades.

Nurserymen's Telegraphic Code will be mailed on request.

Express trains leave Huntsville; for the West and South, via Memphis and Birmingham, 1:35 P. M.; 11:15 P. M.; 1:30 A. M.

For the West and North, via Nashville and St. Louis, 1:40 P. M.

For the East and North, via Chattanooga and Cincinnati, 2:35 A. M.; 6:10 A. M.; and 4:48 P. M.

For the South, via Chattanooga and Atlanta, 2:35 A. M.; 6:10 A. M.; 4:48 P. M.

For the South and West via Decatur and Memphis, 9 A. M.

We are fifteen hours ride from Cincinnati, eighteen from St. Louis.

Long Distance Telephone in our office.

